## UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS GCE Advanced Level

## MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2011 question paper for the guidance of teachers

## 9702 PHYSICS

9702/32

Paper 3 (Advanced Practical Skills 2), maximum raw mark 40

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

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**Paper** 

**Syllabus** 

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1	(b)	Rav	w read	ding for nail height $H$ , to nearest mm.			[1]
	(d)	(i)	Rea	ding for string height $h$ , less than $H$ .			[1]
	(e)	No	help 1	from supervisor.			[1]
				of readings scores 4 marks, five sets scores 3 marks $\epsilon$ trend then $-1$ .	etc.		[4]
		Rar	nge: r	n values must include 180 g or more.			[1]
		Eac	ch col	neadings: umn heading must contain a quantity and a unit where ust be some distinguishing mark between the quantity			[1]
		All '	value	ncy of presentation of raw readings: s of <i>h</i> must be given to the nearest mm. s of <i>m</i> must be given to the nearest g.			[1]
		Significant figures: S.f. for $1/(H-h)^2$ must be the same as, or one more than, the s.f. given for $(H-h)$ .			[1]		
			culati -I–h)²	on: calculated correctly.			[1]
	(f)	(i)	Scal grap Scal	s: sible scales must be used, no awkward scales (e.g. 3: es must be chosen so that the plotted points must h grid in both <i>x</i> and <i>y</i> directions. es must be labelled with the quantity which is being pl e markings must be no more than 3 large squares apa	occupy at leas		[1]
			All o Che squa	ring of points: bservations in the table must be plotted. ck that the points are correctly plotted. Work to an are. not accept blobs (points with diameter greater than hal	-		[1]
				lity: oints in the table must be plotted (at least 5) for this mater of points must be less than $\pm 2000  \text{g}^2$ on the $m^2$ axis			[1]
		(ii)		of best fit: ge by balance of all the points (at least 5) about the			[1]

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must be an even distribution of points either side of the line along the full length.

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	(f) (iii) Gradient: The hypotenuse must be at least half the length of the drawn line. Both read-offs must be accurate to half a small square. If incorrect, write in the correct value(s). Do not allow use of points from the table unless they are on the line. Do not allow $\Delta x/\Delta y$ .				
		Intercept: Either: Check correct read-off from a point on the line, and substitution into $y = mx + c$ . Read-off must be accurate to half a small square. Allow ecf of gradient value. Or: Check the read-off of the intercept directly from the graph.			
			method used to find <i>a</i> and <i>b</i> . unit for <i>a</i> and correct unit for <i>b</i> .		[1] [1]
					[Total: 20]
2	(a) (ii)	y in	range 65 to 75 cm.		[1]
	(iii)	Valu	ie for $h$ to nearest mm and in range 1 to 20 cm, with ur	nit.	[1]
	(b) (ii)	First	t value of <i>x</i> in range 8 to 11 cm.		[1]
	(iii)	First	t value of $h_1$ .		[1]
	(c) (i)	First	t value of <i>d</i> calculated correctly.		[1]
	(ii)		centage uncertainty in <i>d</i> calculated using correct me ertainty of 1 or 2 mm (or half the range if repeated reac		
	(e) (ii)		ond value of $x$ . ond value of $h_1$ .		[1] [1]
		Rep	eats: Any evidence of repeats for height values or x va	lues.	[1]
		Qua	lity: Second value of <i>d</i> less than first value.		[1]
	(f) (i)	Two	values of <i>k</i> calculated correctly.		[1]
	(ii)		sible comment relating to the calculated values of $k$ , to rion.	esting against a s	specified [1]

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(g)

	(i) Limitations 4 max	(ii) Improvements 4 max	Do not credit
A	Two readings are not enough (to draw a conclusion).	Take more readings and plot a graph/calculate more <i>k</i> values (and compare). Allow 'repeat readings and plot a graph'	Few readings/take more readings and calculate average <i>k</i> /only one reading
В	d is very small.	<ol> <li>Use larger mass/use larger x value.</li> <li>Use thinner rule.</li> </ol>	Parallax error.
С	Difficult to measure <i>h</i> (with reason).	Use vernier caliper/travelling microscope/dial gauge/position sensor above rule.	
D	Difficult to measure <i>x</i> (with reason)/difficult to judge position of mass.	Method of improving measurement of <i>x</i> (e.g. hang masses below rule).	
X	Other specific relevant problem with apparatus.	Relevant solution.	Apparatus slips.

Do not accept 'repeated readings' or 'light gates'.

[Total: 20]